

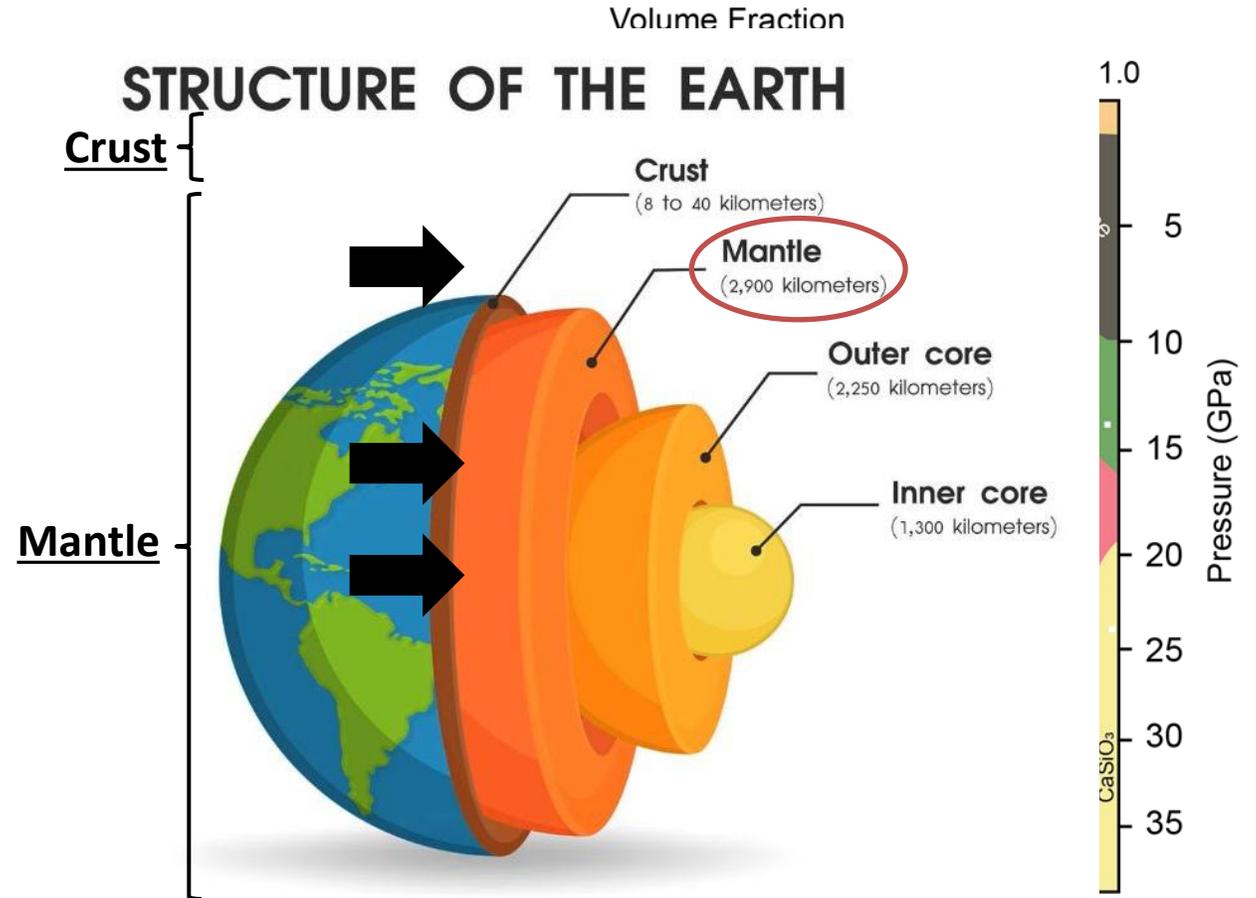
# Spatial Relationship Between Olivine Polymorphs in Shocked L6 Chondrites

Northwestern University SHyNE REU

Collett Akins, Tirzah Abbott, Laura Gardner, Steven Jacobsen

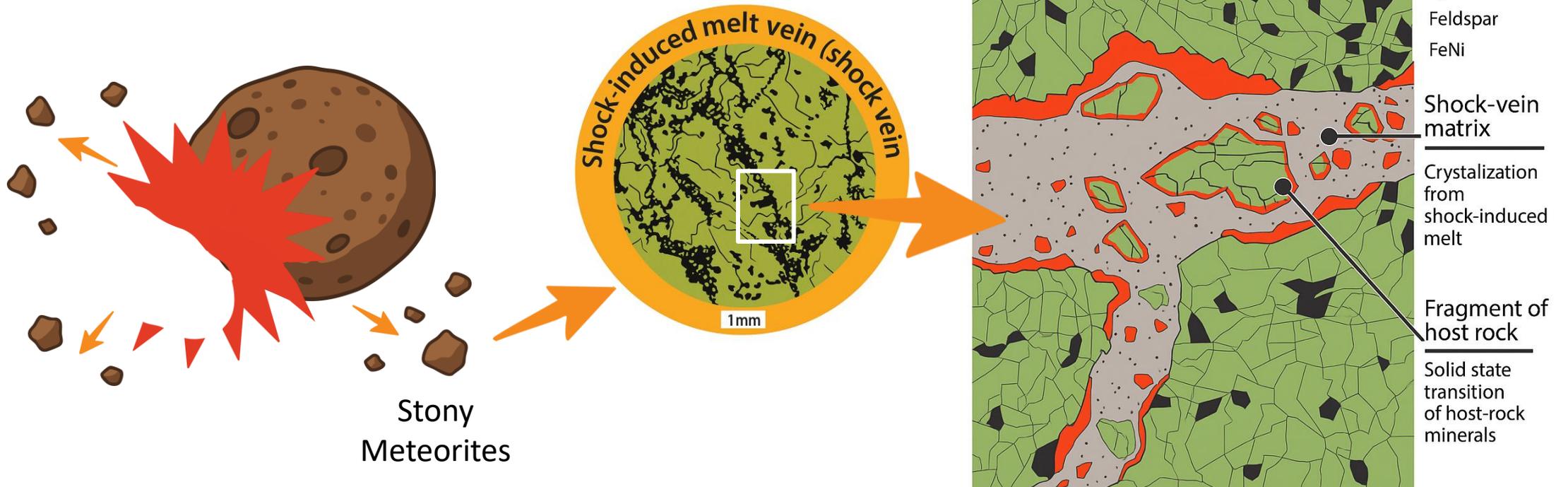
# What is Olivine?

- Olivine  $(\text{Fe,Mg})_2\text{SiO}_4$  is the most abundant mineral in earth mantle
- Forms two polymorphs
  - Wadsleyite
  - Ringwoodite

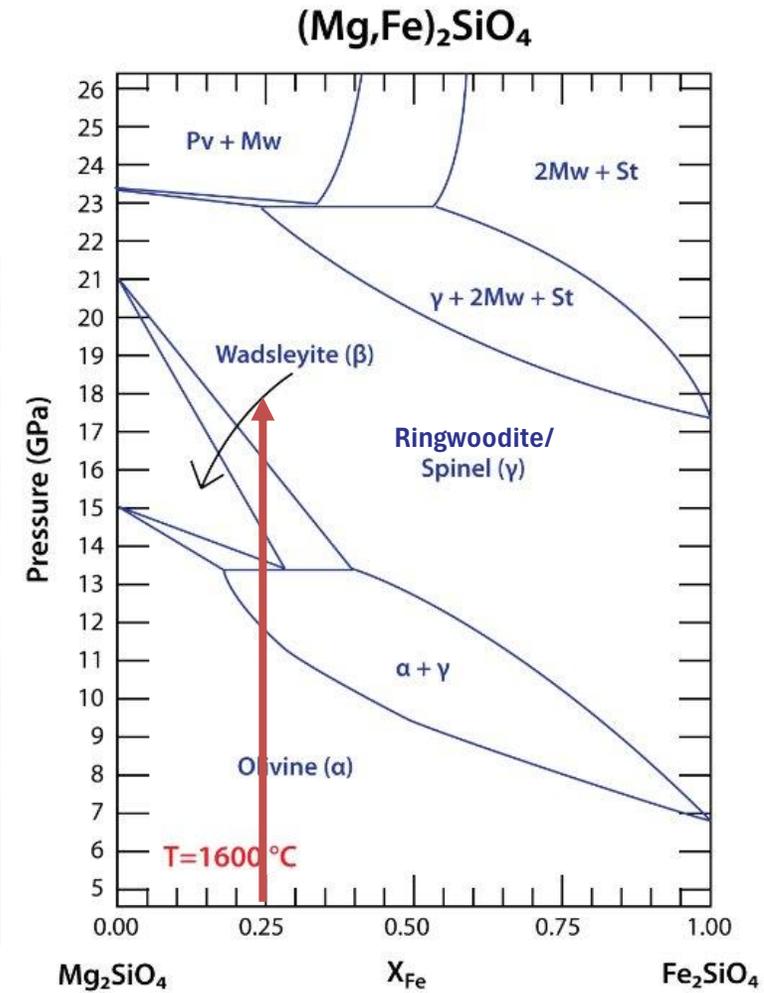
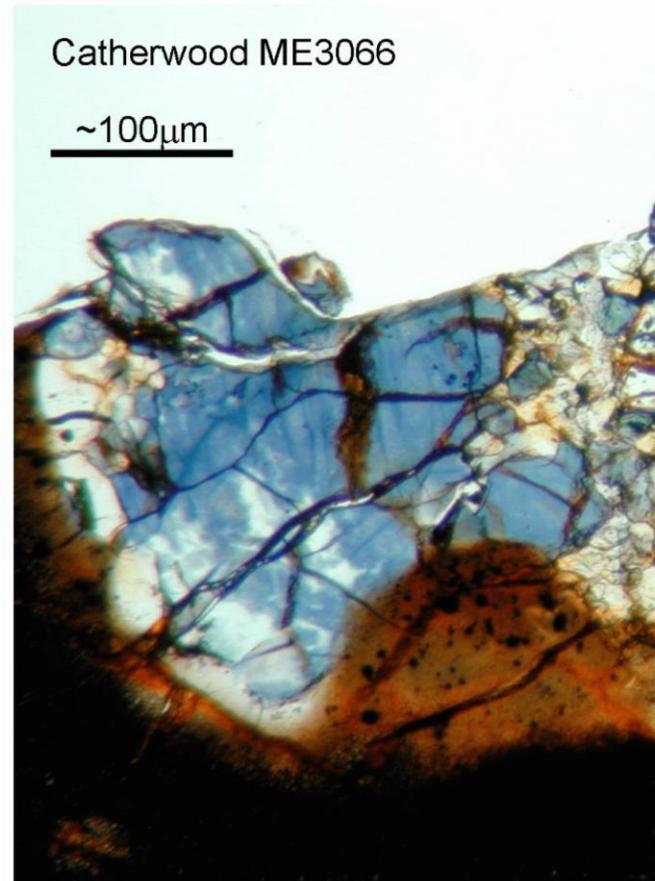


# Shock Melt Veins and Pockets

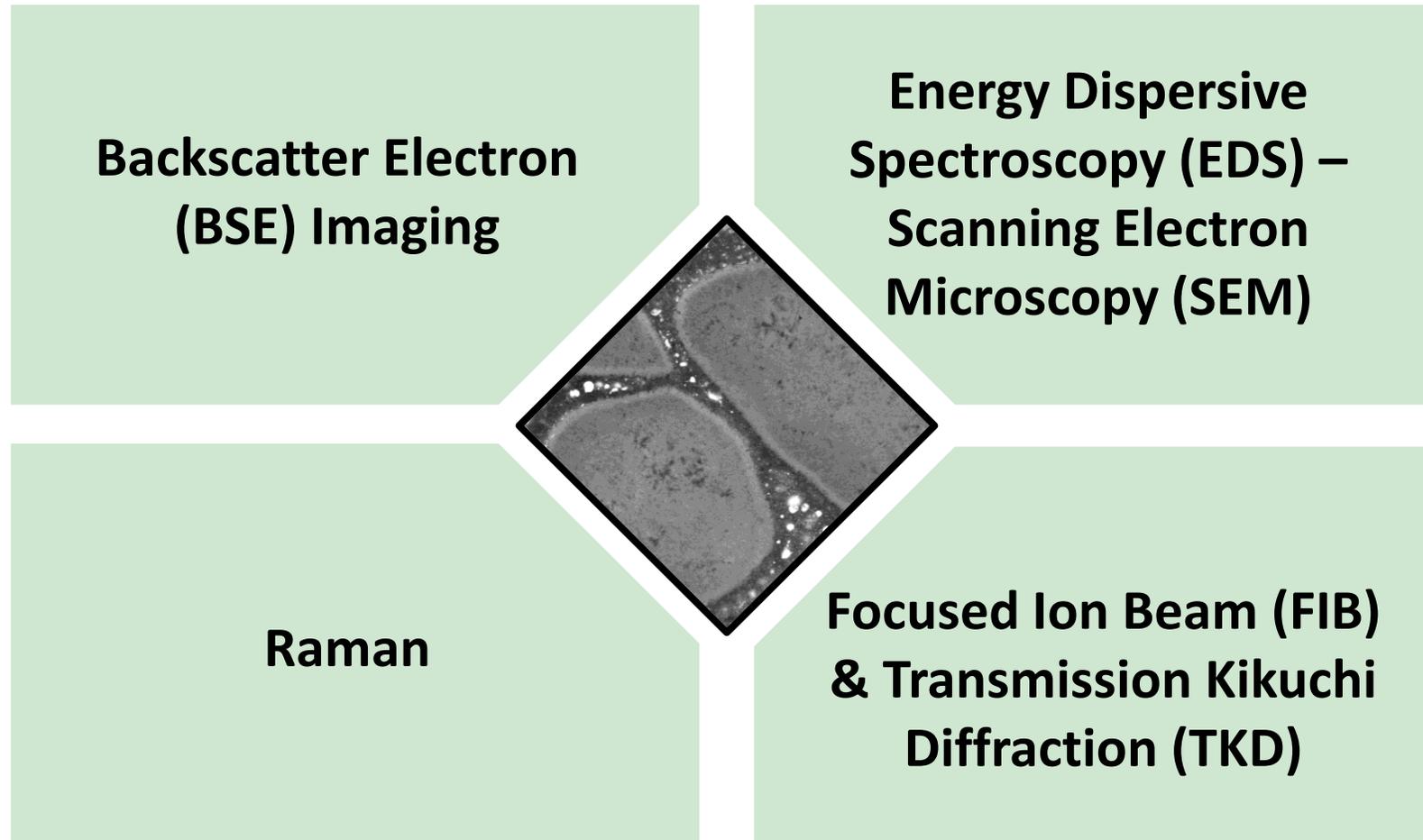
Shocked Meteorites → Stable HP Phases



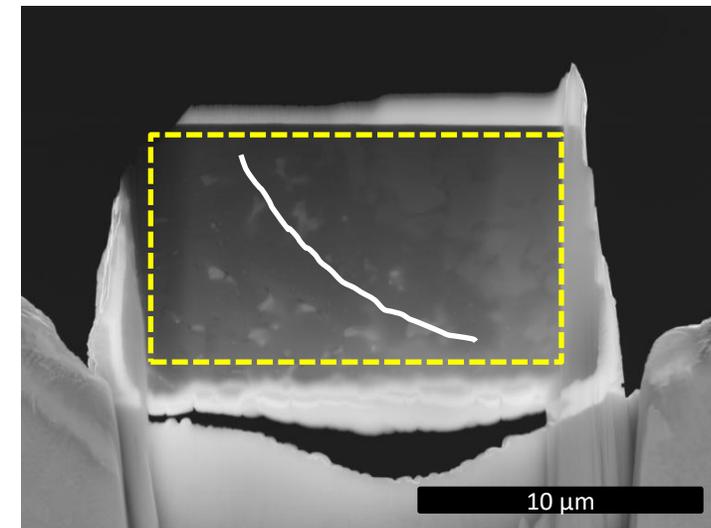
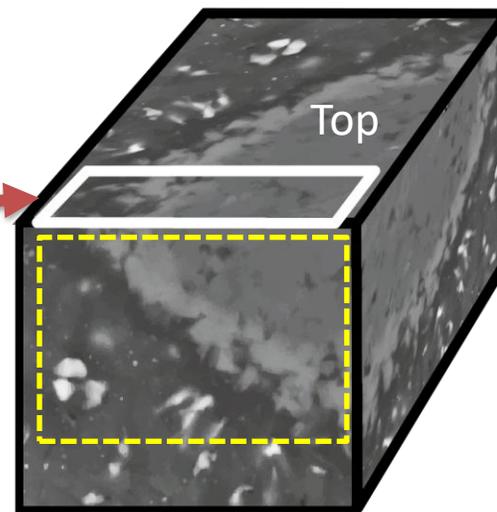
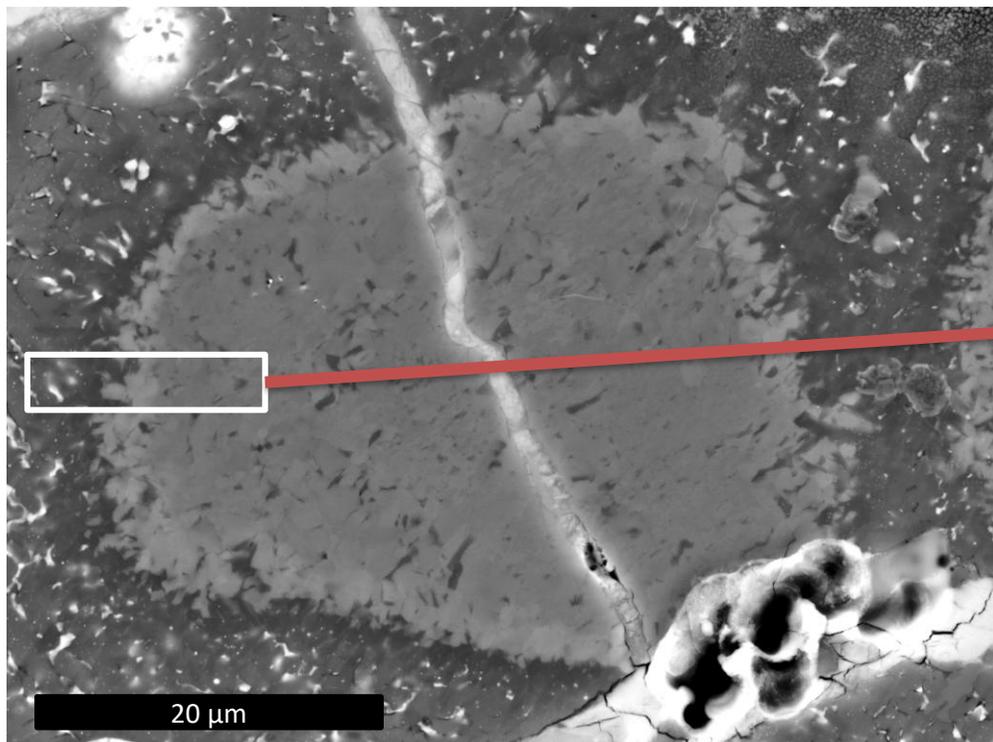
# Catherwood Chondrite



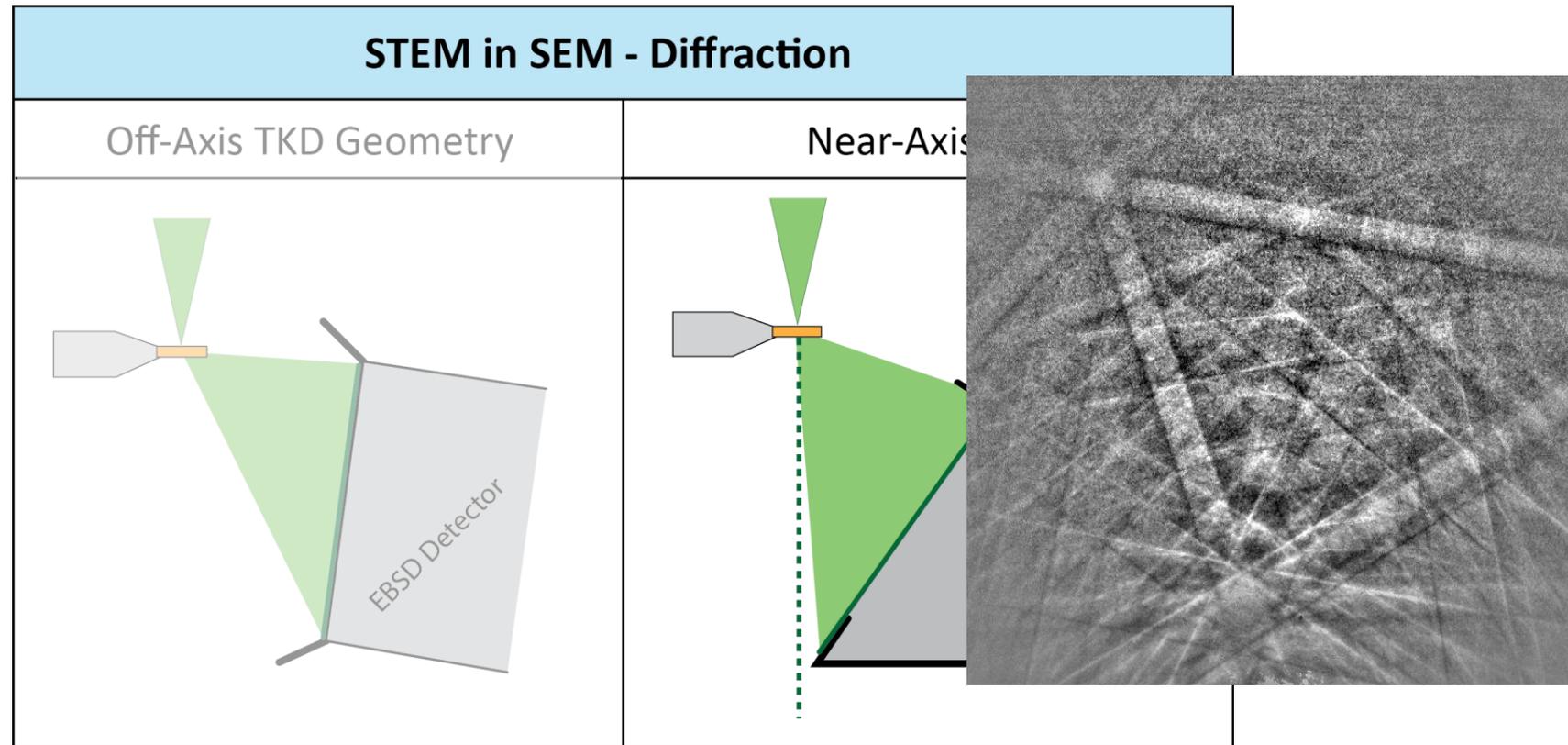
# Methodology



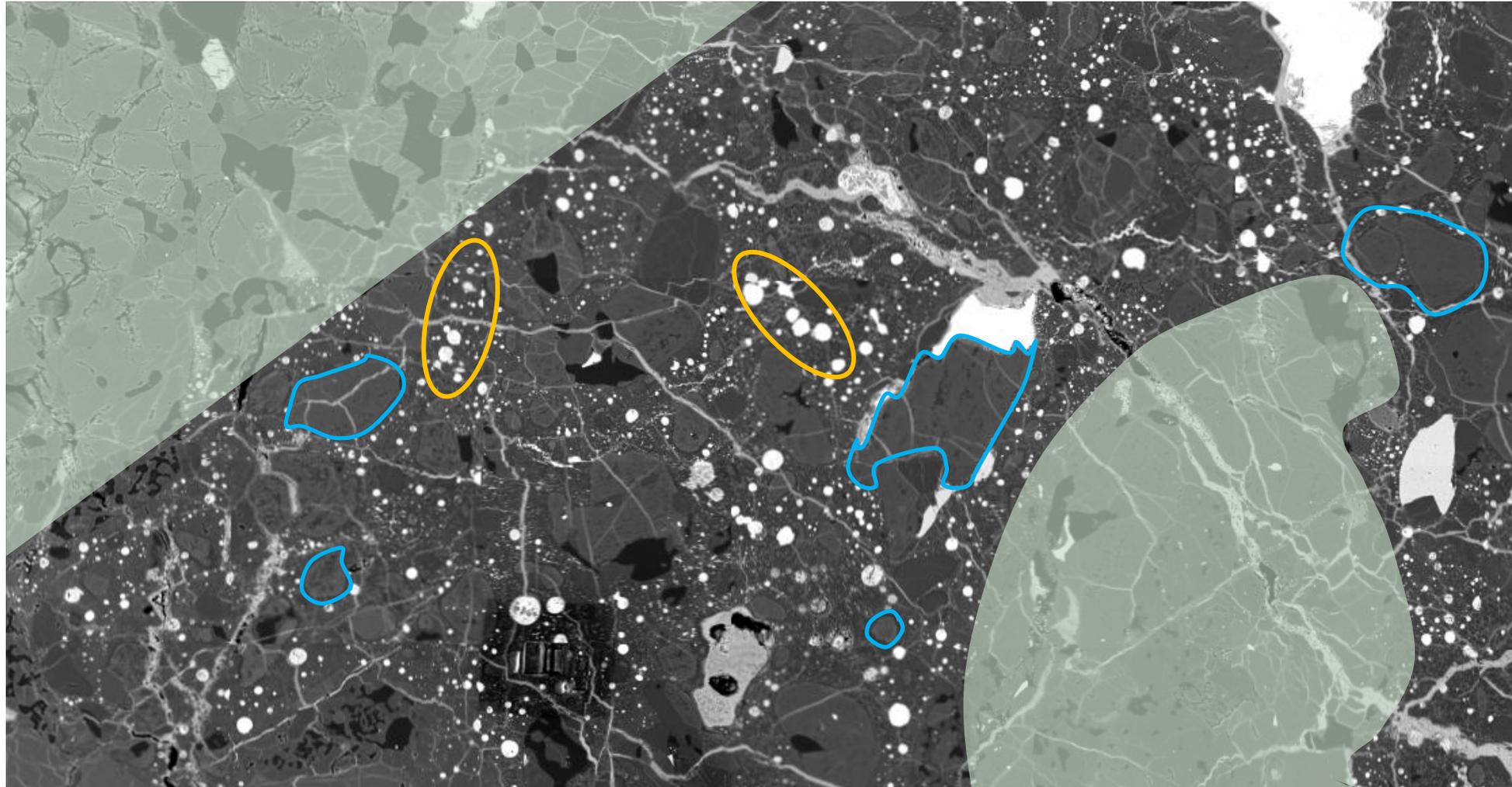
# Focused Ion Beam Lift-Out



# Near-Axis Transmission Kikuchi Diffraction

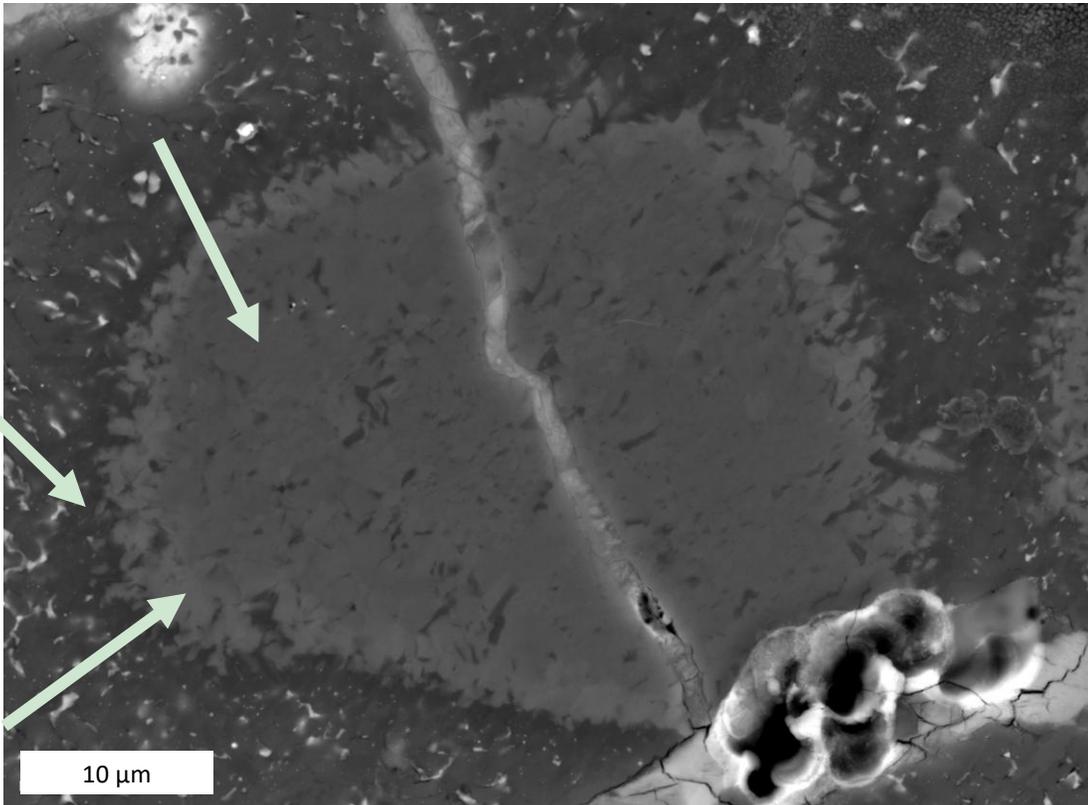


# Shock Vein Features

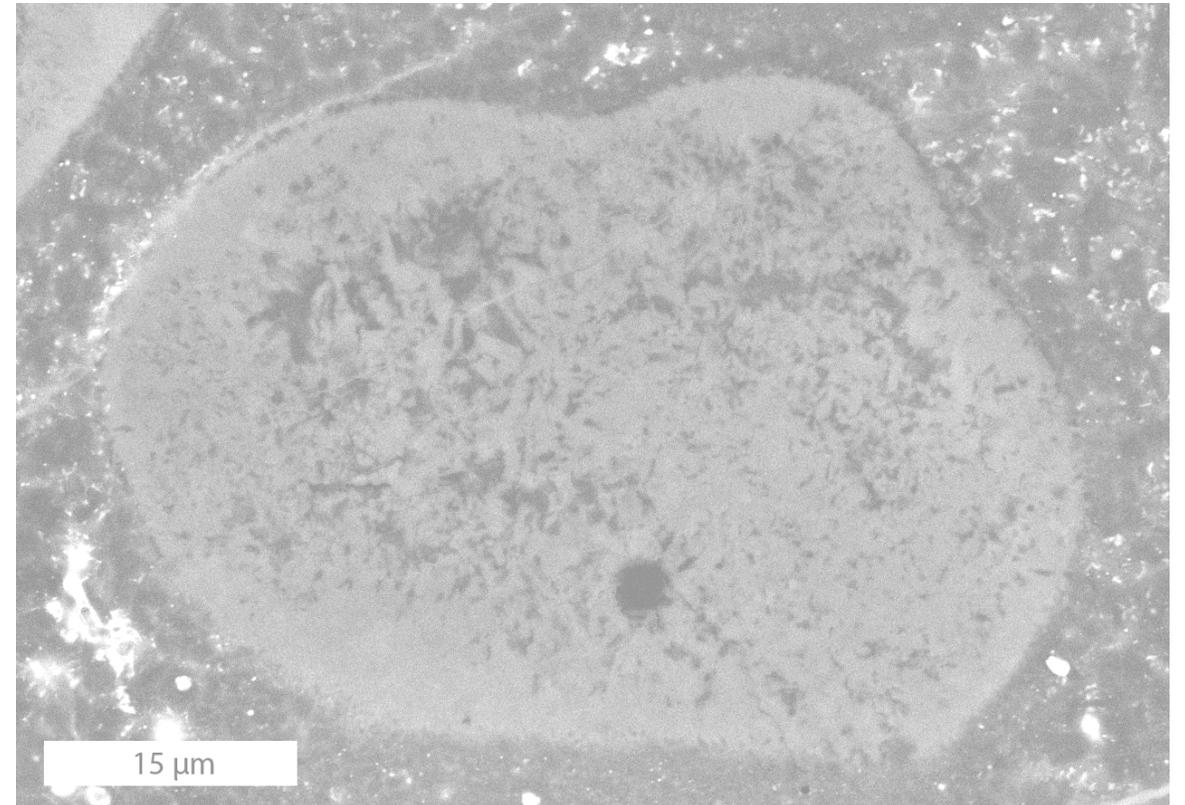


# Aggregate Types

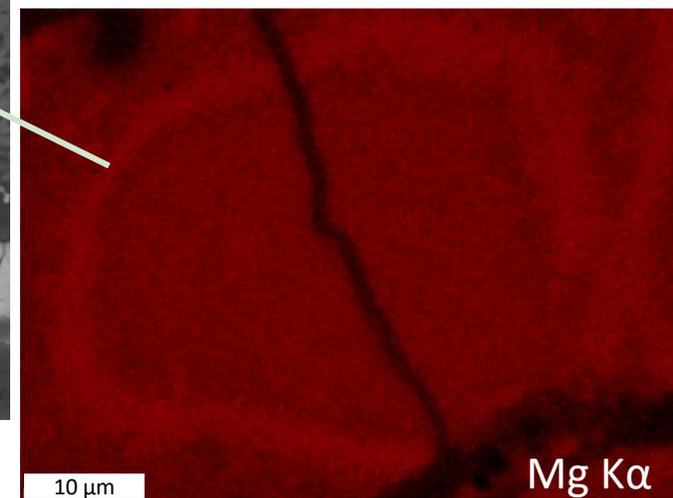
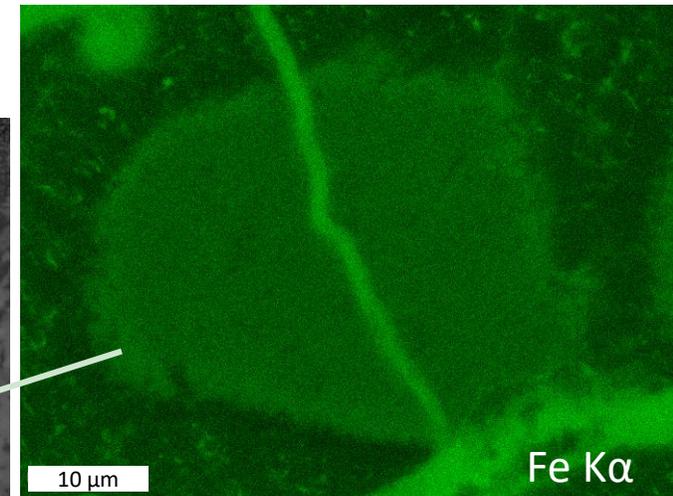
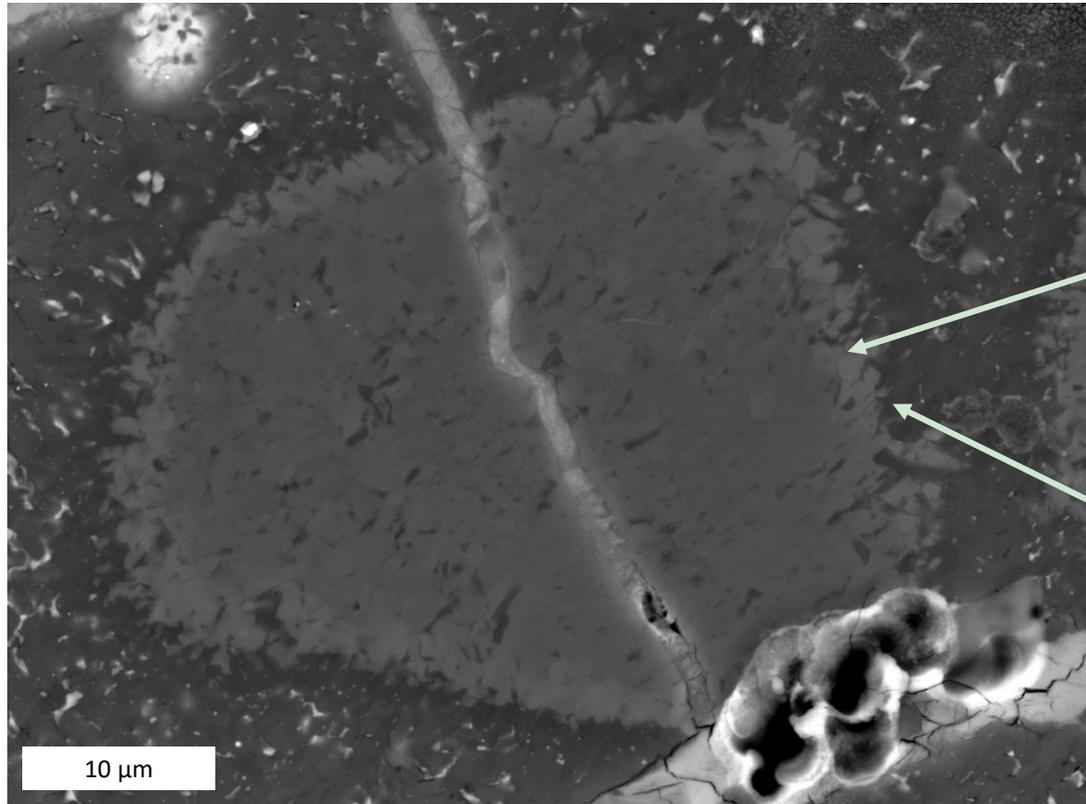
Form 1



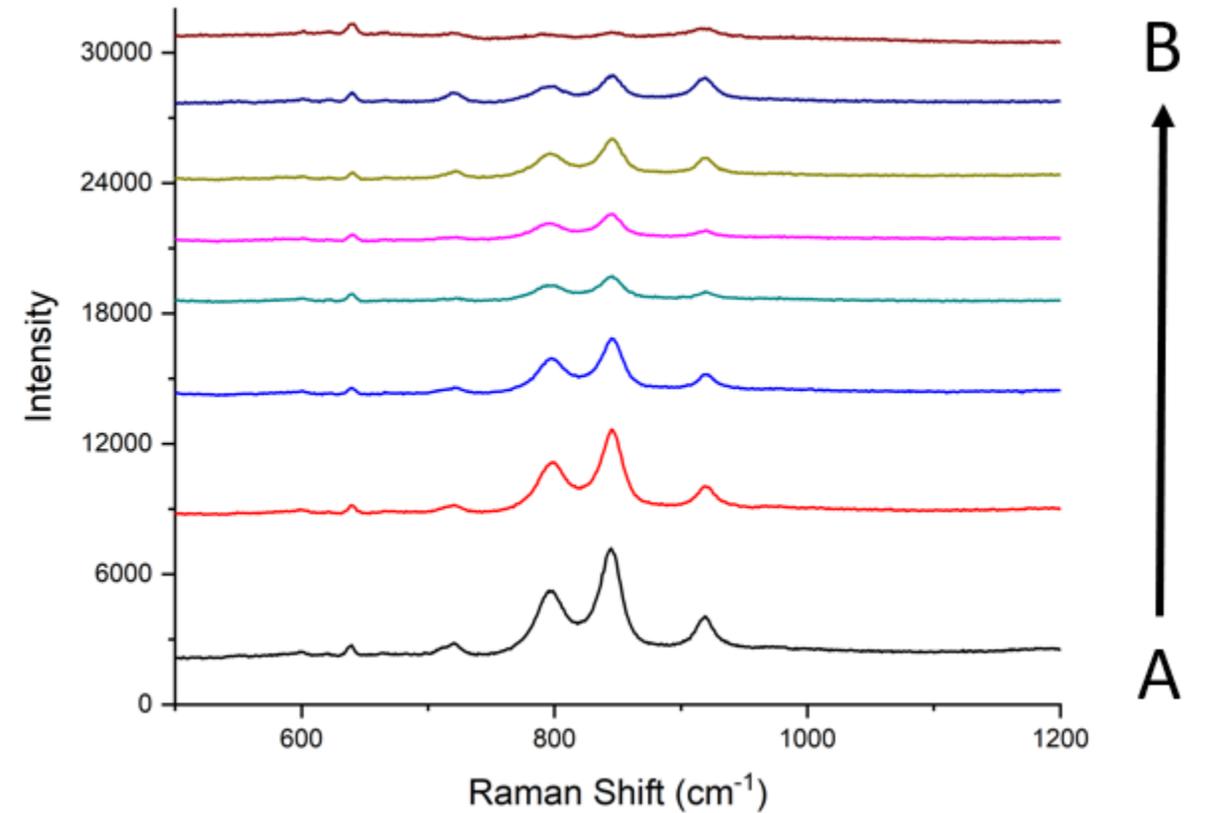
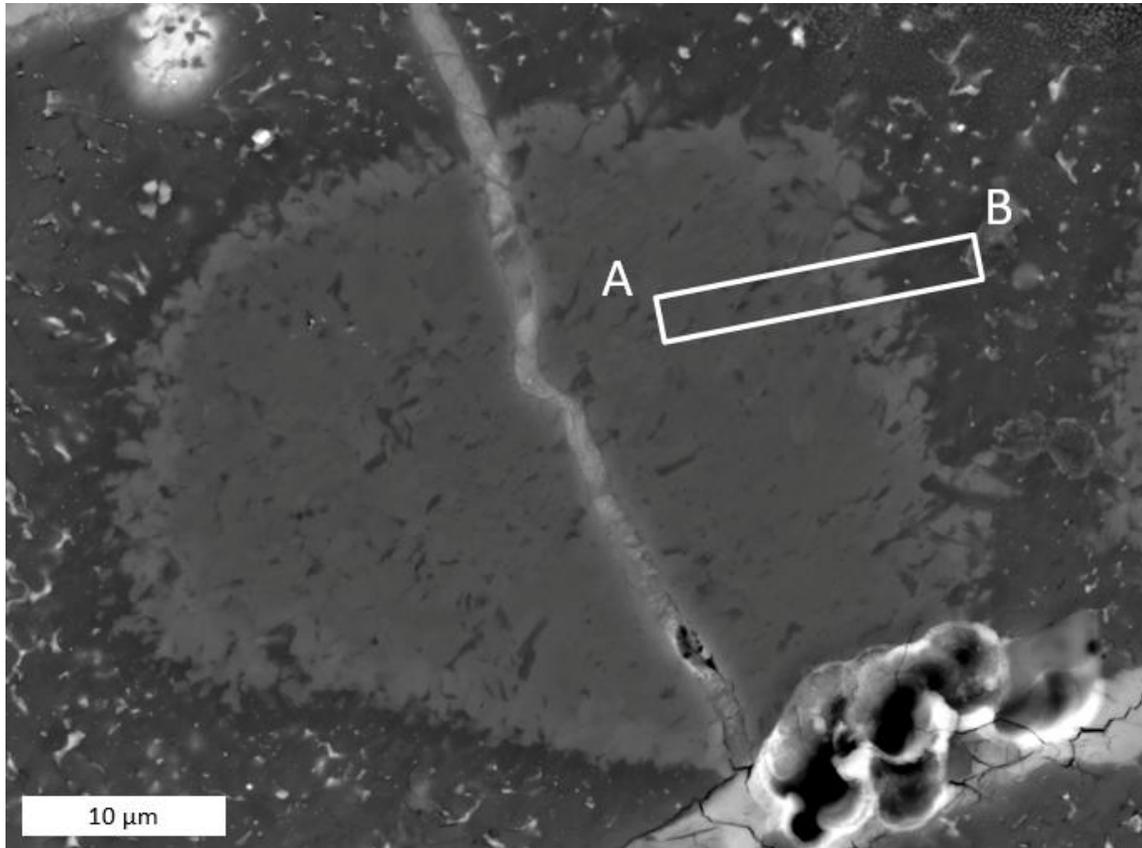
Form 2



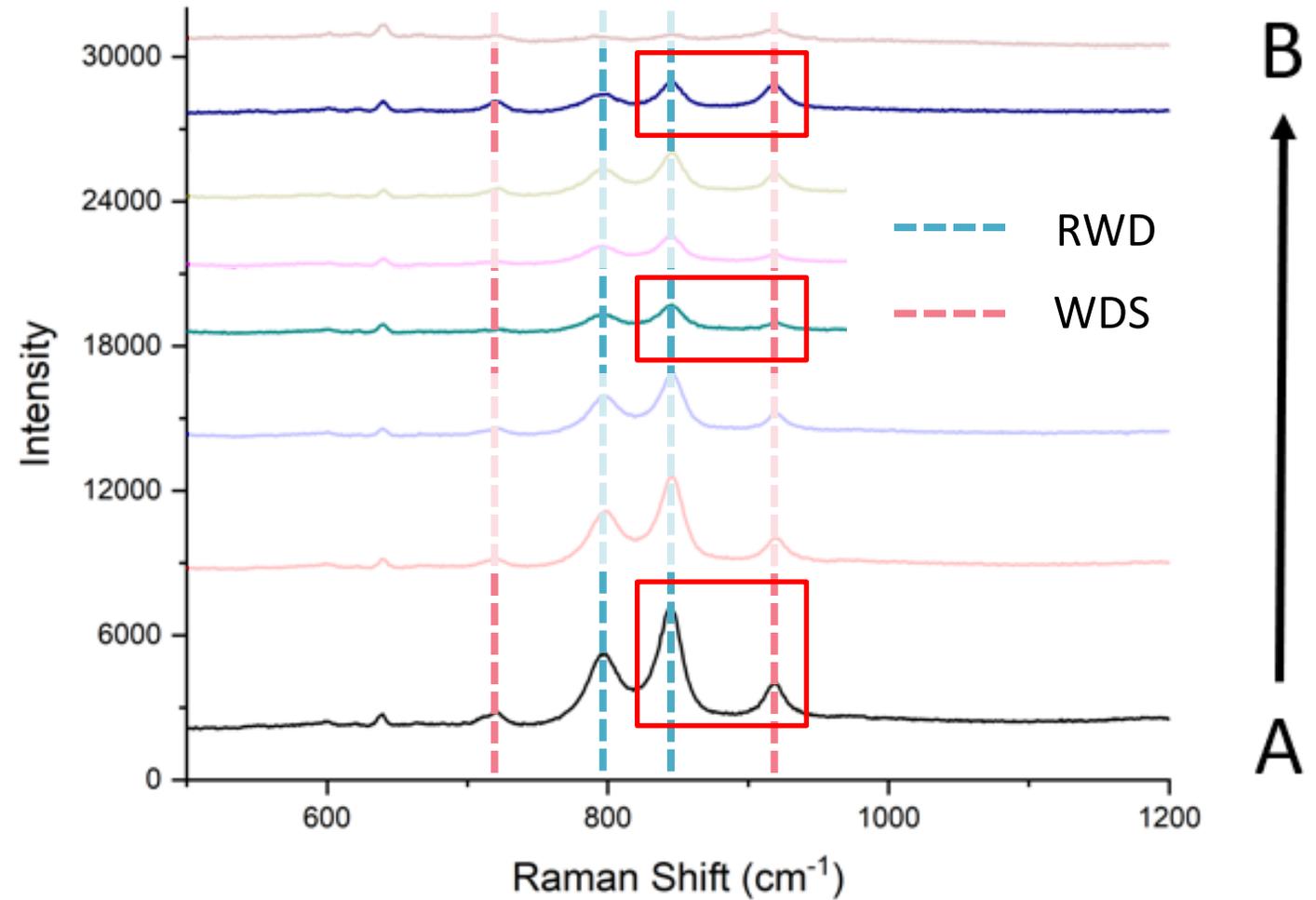
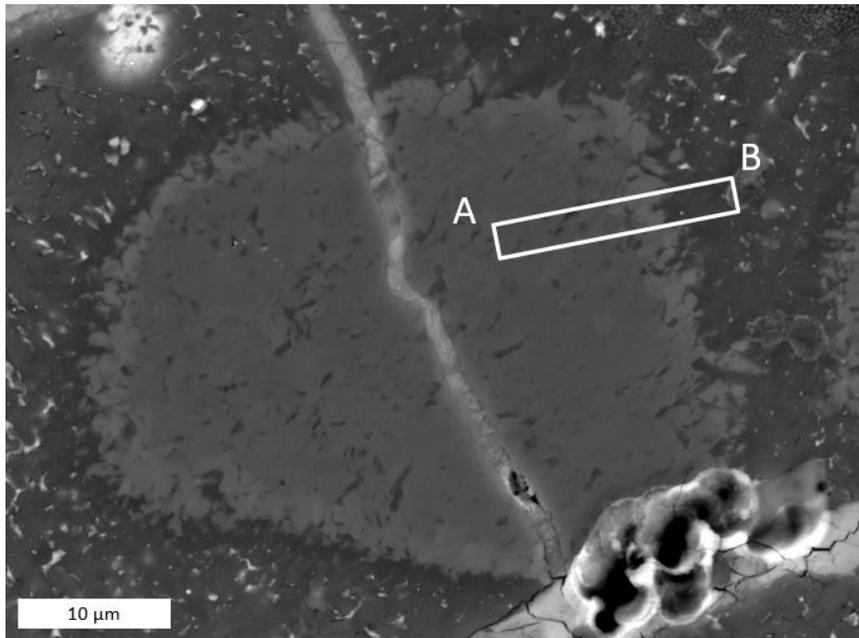
# Chemical Separation in Aggregate



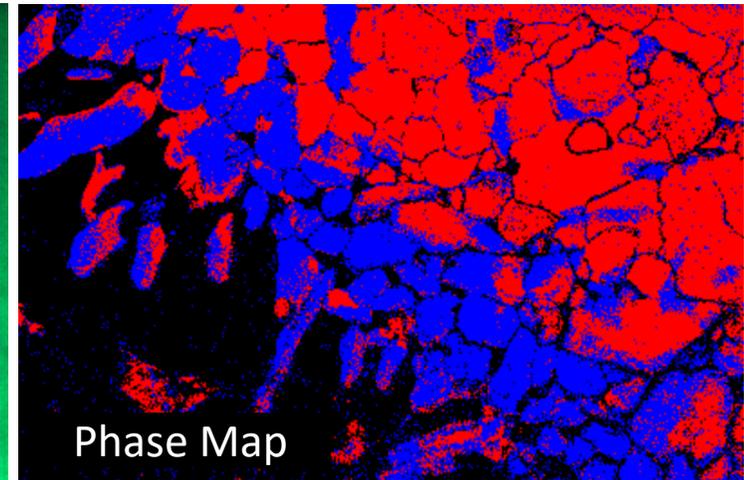
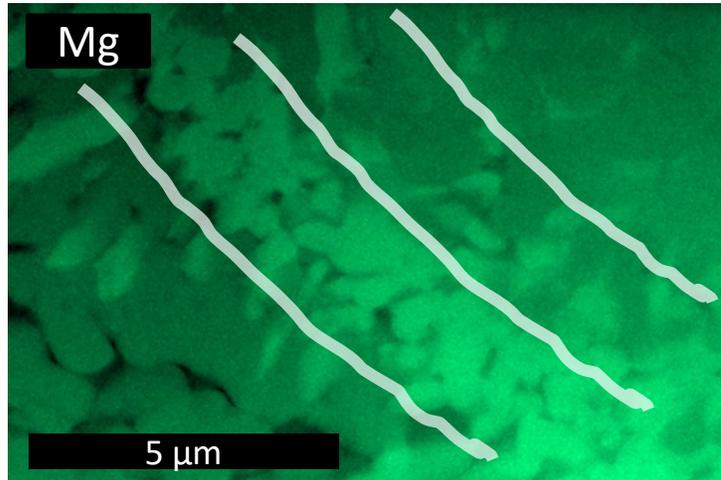
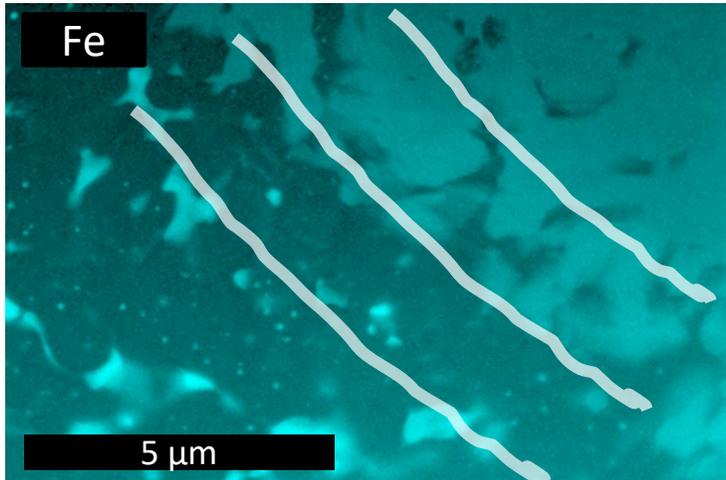
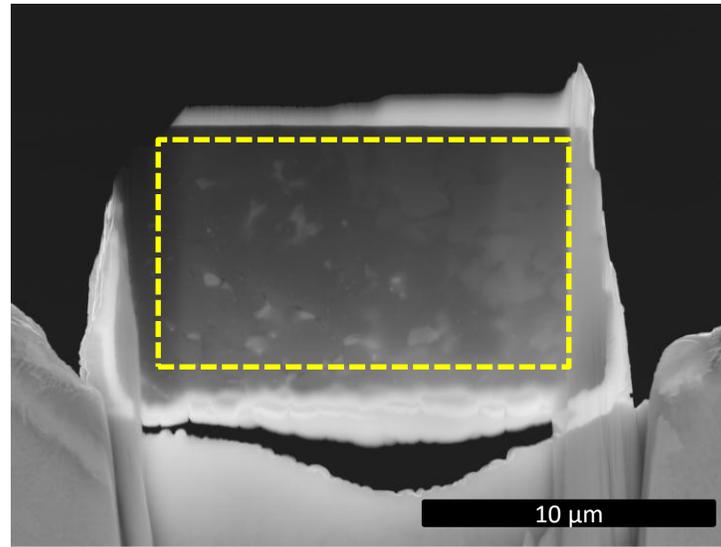
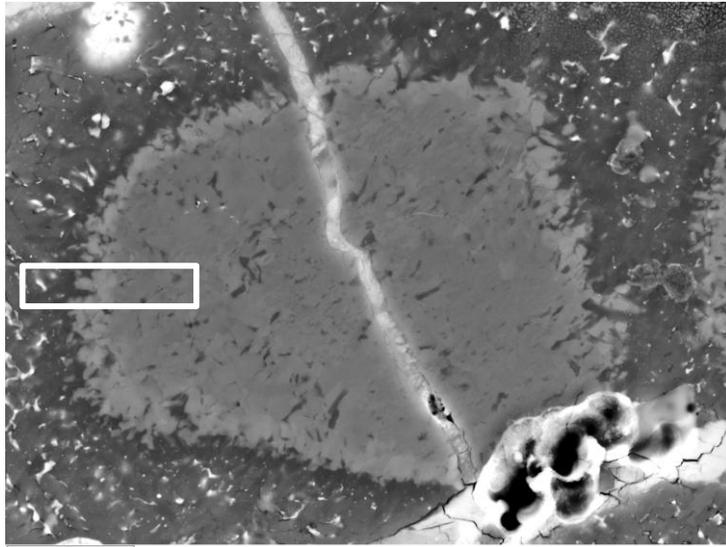
# Phase Conformation with Raman



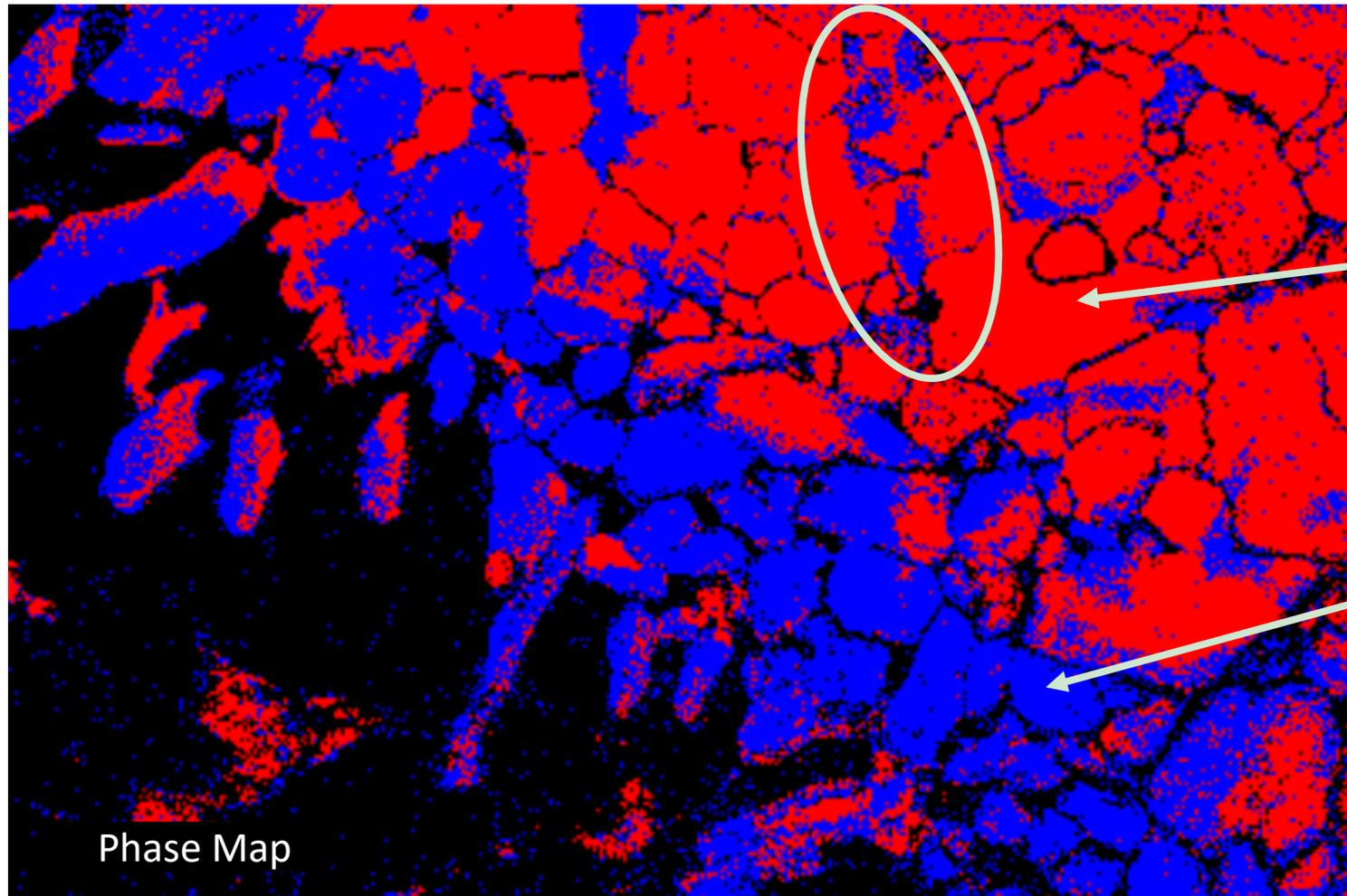
# Phase Conformation with Raman



# Phase Separation of Wadsleyite and Ringwoodite



# Phase Separation of Wadsleyite and Ringwoodite



Ringwoodite

Wadsleyite

# Crystallization of Wadsleyite from Melt

